GOD KHERY BAQ.F " hry b3k.f" in Ancient Egyptian Religion

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ABSTRACT

This paper deals with god Khery baq.f who was one of the seven spirits in Ancient Egypt *3hw* sfhw. He was a Memphite tree god. hry b3k.f (who is under his moringa tree) \bigtriangleup \diamondsuit was the sixth god in the list of Memphite gods recorded in chamber of Sokar in Seti I's temple at Abydos.¹ He was an independent god having his own priesthood during the Old Kingdom, but from The Middle Kingdom he was assimilated with other Memphite divinities, especially god Ptah, as he absorbed into Ptah and the epithet *pth* <u>*hry*</u> *b3k.f* became current in the Middle Kingdom onward .He appeared in different forms, as he appeared in a mummy form, ibis headed god, falcon headed god and as a baboon. This paper aims to study this god showing his role in the Ancient Egyptian religion, his titles, forms, and his relation to other deities, and places of worship. This research applies descriptive and analytical methodology. The study resulted in specific important conclusions including the name's forms of the god, his relationship with other deities, in addition to the god's forms and his function and roles in ancient Egyptian religion, as he was one of the protective deities.

KEYWORDS : Khery baq.f, Ptah, ,Moringa tree

1-INTRODUCTION

Moringa tree was known in Ancient Egypt as b3k tree. Its importance in religion emerged through its association with some gods, such as god Ptah, that one of his titles was *pth hry b3k.f.* It was associated also with other gods like Thoth, Horus, and Seth. It was mentioned in chapters 17, 125, and

¹ H. Kees," Eine Liste Memphitischer Götter im Tempel von Abydos ", *rectrav* 37, 1915, 74

149 of the Book of the Dead. Its oil was presented among the offering throughout the Ancient Egyptian history.²

It grows in Sinai, especially at the bottom of the mountains and near shores of the Red sea. Many seeds of that tree were found in Hawara, while the oil of this tree was brought from Syria.³ Fig. 1

The *moringa* oil was also used in the perfume industry, as well as for medical purposes. It was used in recipes to improve the skin, and to remove facial wrinkles, and to treat many diseases like the headaches, earache, dental diseases, and stomach pains, and to treat wounds. The Ancient Egyptian also used it to expel insects, and to purify water. The tree in our time has modern medical importance, as it is used in the treatment of a cancer and diabetes, in addition to its effect in preventing blindness resulting from the deficiency of vitamin A.⁴



Fig. 1 The Moringa tree

نقلا" عن سهام السيد عبد الحميد عيسى ، " شجرة المورينجا في مصر القديمة "، مجلة الاتحاد العلا" عن سهام السيد عبد الحرب، المجلد رقم ٢٠١٦، شكل رقم ١

۲ نفس المرجع السابق، ص. ۱۳۵.

^١ سهام السيد عبد الحميد عيسى ، " شجرة المورينجا في مصر القديمة "، مجلة الاتحاد العام للاثاريين العرب ، المجلد رقم ١٧، ٢٠١٦، ص. ١٦٠

⁴ N.H. Gerges, " The God Bak "*b*] " in ancient Egypt", *International Journal of Heritage, Tourism and Hospitality*, vol. 15, issue 2 (2021), p. 79

2. LITERATURE REVIEWS

<u>hry b3k.f</u> means the one who is under his moringa tree⁵, Gardiner translated b3k as an oil bearing tree, but not the olive tree⁶, while other opinion says that <u>hry b3k.f</u> means who brings his oil b3k (Moringa oil)⁷.

The god <u>hry b3k.f</u> 's name and iconography has been illustrated in the tombs, the temples and even the funerary objects dated back to different periods as follow.

2.1. The God's Inscriptions in the Tombs, the Temples, the Sacred Books and the Funerary Object

2.1. 1. The God's Inscriptions in Sacred Books

The Middle Kingdom :

2.1. 1.1 COFFIN TEXTS: CTIII 182, SPELL 215



₩<u>₩</u>₩<u>₩</u>₩<u>₩</u>₩<u>₩</u>₩

wp .f r.i pth fdw wp.sn r.i m dt wp hr n wsir pth hry b3k.f imy hnty wr ntr hnt tnnt di .sn (wi) mb

he opened my mouth , the four Ptah gods opened my mouth in the eternity , where Horus opened the mouth of Osiris , and Ptah Khery baq.f (who is under his moringa tree), he who is in front of the great god, the foremost of the tnnt shrine , and they give me life .⁸

The New Kingdom:

⁸ R. O. Faulkner, *The ancient Egyptian Coffin Texts* I, Warminster, 1973, p. 171

⁵ R.O. Faulkner, A Concise Dictionary of Middle Egyptian, Oxford. 1962, p. 78;WB I, 423.10

⁶ A. Gardiner, *Egyptian Grammar*. *Being an Introduction to the study of Hieroglyphs*, London, 1927, p. 563

⁷ P. Koemoth, Osiris et les arbres. Contribution à l'étude des arbres sacrés de l'Egypte ancienne, Liège, 1994, p. 255

2.1. 1.2 THE BOOK OF THE DEAD , CHAPTER 17, SECTION 20 (PAPYRUS OF ANI)

nsrt pw imy s3 <u>h</u>t wsir hr s3w b3w nw hftyw.f ir grt <u>d</u>w nb irw irt.f mmk nbw <u>h</u>h <u>d</u>r h3.f m <u>h</u>t nt mwt.f ir grt 3<u>h</u>w sf<u>h</u>w ipw imst <u>h</u>py dw3-mwt.f <u>k</u>b<u>h</u>-snw.f m33-it.f <u>h</u>ry-b3<u>k</u>.f <u>h</u>r-<u>h</u>nt-irty rdi.n.sn inpw m s3w n <u>k</u>rs nt wsir

It is the royal serpent which appears behind Osiris, who is protecting him from the souls of his foes to protect man descends from the time he goes down from the womb of his mother among the lords of eternity. Those seven spirits⁹ are Imsety, Hapy, Duamutef, Qebehseneu, Maaitef, Khery baq.f, Horus Khenty irty, Protection is performed by Anubis by guarding the burial of Osiris. ¹⁰

2.1.2. THE GOD'S INSCRIPTIONS IN THE FUNERARY OBJECTS

The Old Kingdom:

⁹ The seven spirits were a group of minor gods that acted as followers and tribunal members behind the most important two gods (Re and Osiris).they help god Re and they lifted his bark up, They were also the followers of the god Osiris, as they help him in his affairs in the afterworld. They were part of the tribunal of Osiris .they scared the bad dead in the underworld. They were also protect the burial of Osiris; see R. A. S. Ahmed, "the seven spirits (*3hw sfhw*) in the ancient Egyptian Religion", JGUAA2 vol. 6 /1,2021: 46

¹⁰ URK V, 42, 17

2.1.2. 1 False door of s3bw ibbi at Saqqara

hm ntr n hry b3k.f m iswt nbt s3bw

The prophet of Khery baq.f in all places sabw¹¹

The Middle Kingdom:

2.1.2.2. STATUE OF *irt s}t wrt* from reign of Amenmehat II

di nsw htp pth hry b3k.f di.f pr hrw ihw 3pdw šs mnht n k3 n h3 ty tim3hw irt s3t wrt .(The king causes or allows god Ptah Khery baq.f to be satisfied by giving him offerings consisting of meats of oxen and birds, precious stones and clothes to the mayor, the justified one irt s3t wrt.)¹³

The New Kingdom:

2.1.2.3 STATUE OF THE ROYAL SCRIBE nfri m hbi in Leiden Museum AST 17:

∔ለ⇔ᢤ╤╧ҋ<u>┍</u>щ*ĕ*ш≋≞++<u></u>≕⊑€╢]¬∿*∽*ӈҋ [₽]√╧*╾₺*♥<u></u>Щ∞...+№ᡗ\(<u>≜</u>_)

htp di nsw pth skr wsir nb $\underline{d}dw$ shnt t $\mathbf{3}$ tnn hry b $\mathbf{3}k$.f di.f krs onh in t $\mathbf{3}wy$ n k $\mathbf{3}$ n sš nsw nfri m hb m $\mathbf{3}$ o hrw

¹¹A. Mariette, Les Mastaba de L'Ancien Empire, Paris, 1885, p. 415

¹² J. de Morgan, Fouilles à Dahchour en 1894-1895, Vienne, 1903, p 36

¹³M.S. Holmberg, *The God Ptah*, Lund, 1946, p. 147, fig. 84

The king causes or allows god Ptah Sokar Osiris , lord of `Abusir Bana, the foremost of Tjenenet, Khery baq.f to be satisfied by giving a good burial in Memphis to the ka of the royal scribe Nri m Hebi, the justified¹⁴

2.1.2.4 PAPYRUS Nº PLEIDEN I 346, COL. I,3



ỉ hry b3k.f nb šn

O, Khery baq.f (one who is under his moringa tree), the lord of tree¹⁵

21st dynasty

2.1.2.5 WINGED SCARAB OF KING PSOUSENNES

♥]┚◊~ŸĎĠ«═┱і₀!テҵ═┘╤┱╤┈═४०┶≠┱ ₽Я!ݐ┱ӏӼ╧╘ӏӯ҃ӱӷӯ╤ӯ═┘╤┇╏╏╎ѷ┍Ӯҋ┍╹╧ҋ

<u>d</u>d m<u>d</u>w in inpw i imsty hpy dw3t mwt.f kbh snw.f m33.f it.f <u>h</u>ry b3k.f hr hnty irty n<u>d</u> it.f rn.f ds .f wnn m s3 wsir nsw

Words spoken by Anubis . o, imesty ,Hapy, , Dwatmutef, and Qebeh senef, and maaet.f who sees his father, Khery baq.f who is under the moringa tree , Horus khenty irty,the avenger of his father, who does his name himself, be the protectors of the Osiris king $^{\rm 16}$

25th dynasty:

2.1.2.6 SARCOPHAGUS ist n hb Frankfurt 1653

¹⁶ M. Pierre, La nécropole royale de Tanis II. Les constructions et le tombeau de Psousennès à Tanis, Paris, 1951, p. 146

¹⁴ P.A.A. Boeser, *Beschreibung der Aegyptischen Sammlung des Neiderländischen Reichsmuseums der Altertümer in Leiden V. Die Denkmäler des neuen Reiches*, *Haag*, 1913, p. 12, fig. 72

¹⁵ B.H. Stricker, " Spreunken tot Reveiliging Gedurende de Schrikkeldagen", *OMRO* 29, Leiden, 1948, p. 61

ink hry b}k.f ink s}.t hr mrt.t ii .n.i m h hr wd R irt s}.t

I'm Khery baq.f , I'm your son and your love, I came out from the palace according to the order of god Re to protect you.¹⁷

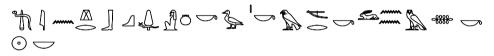
26th dynasty:

2.1.2.7. 8^{TH} HOUR OF THE NIGHT IN THE LOWER PART OF SARCOPHAGUS OF PRIEST $p3y.f \pm 3$. 3wy 3st in Boston Museum MFA 23729

 $hry \ b3k.f \ m \ ht.f \ hr \ nd \ hr.f \ m \ b3k$

Khery baq.f comes behind him(Osiris), and he presents him hommage of moringa oil ¹⁸

2.1.2.8. SARCOPHAGUS OF spdt m h3wt OLOMOUC 6183A



dd mdw in hry b3k.f ink s3.k hr mri.k wnn m s3 .k r nb

Words spoken by Khery baq.f , I' m your son Horus, your beloved who protected you every day $^{19}\,$

2.1.2.9. SARCOPHAGUS OF *hr 3h bit*, REIGN OF AMASIS. IN SAQQARA

カ∛ॺ身⊴ॆऽॕॖॾॖॗॖॗॖॗॖॗॗॗॗॗॗॗॗ॑ख़ॖॾऻॻक़ॖॖऀॖऒॶॖॡऻड़ढ़ख़ॖॾऻ

dd mdw in hry b3k.f wnn m s3. krst nt wsir m hnw.f hr 3h bit m3 hrw

Words spoken by Khery baq.f, being the protector of the burial of Osiris in his residence Her Khebet, the justified 20

2.1.2.10. Sarcophagus of hr II CG 41062

¹⁷E. Bayer-Niemeier, Liebieghaus Museum alter Plastik ägyptische Bildwerke III. Skulptur, Malerei, Papyri und Särge, Melsungen, p. 353

 ¹⁸G. Soukiassian, "Une Version des Horaires d'Osiris", *BIFAO* 82, le Caire, 1982, p. 339
 ¹⁹M. Verner, *Tscheslowakei. Altägyptische särge in den Museen und Sammlungen der Tscheslowakei*, Praha, 1982, p. 139

²⁰ M.G. Daressy, "Tombe de Hor- Kheb", ASAE 4, Le caire, 1943, p. 79

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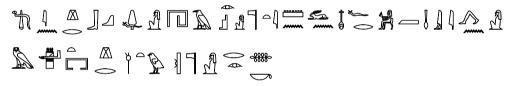
<u>d</u>d m<u>d</u>w in <u>h</u>ry b**3**k.f h**3** wsir , hm n<u>t</u>r mn<u>t</u>w nb w**3**st hrw špsi m**3**
 hrw ii.n.i m
 h hr w<u>d</u> pth ir r s**3**. k

Words spoken by Khery baq.f (who is under his moringa tree), O, Osiris. The priest of Montu , lord of thebes, Herw , the noble one, the justified . I came out from the palace acording to the command of Ptah to protect you.²¹

*It is noticed in this text that Khery baq.f and Ptah are dealt as two separated gods

27th dynasty:

2.1.2.11. SARCOPHAGUS OF *nfr* II CG 41046



dd m dw in <u>h</u>ry b3k.f h3 wsir hm n<u>t</u>r imn wn nfr špsi m3 hrw ii.n .i m h hr wd n<u>t</u>r irt s3.k

Words spoken by Khery baq.f , O Osiris, the prophet, Amon wennefer, the noble one, the justified . I came out from the palace according to the order of the god to protect you 22

2.1.2.12. SARCOPHAGUS CG 41047 OF b3 s3 n mwt II

◣▯◓▯◿ఛ◮◧◣▯◮▯▯▥ױױױ ױ∧ַ±▻ਖ਼ੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑਸ਼ੑਗ਼ੑੑੑੑਖ਼ੑੑੑੑੑੑ װ∧ַ±ੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑ

<u>dd</u> m<u>d</u>w in <u>h</u>ry b**3**k.f h**3** wsir, <u>h</u>m n<u>t</u>r mn<u>t</u>w nb w**3**st b**3** s**3** n mwt špsi m**3**
 <u>h</u>rw ii.n.i m <u>4</u> <u>h</u>r w<u>d</u> n<u>t</u>r ir r s**3**. k m mkty.k inpw

 ²¹ M.H. Gauthier, Catalogue General des Antiquités Égyptiennes du Musée du Caire N ^{os}
 41042-41072., Cercueils Anthropoides des Prètres deMontou, Le Caire, 1913, p.390
 ²² Ibid, p., p. 92

Words spoken by Khery baq.f (who is under his moringa tree), O, Osiris. The priest of Montu , lord of thebes, Basanmut , the noble one, the justified . I came out from the palace acording to the command of the god to protect you with your protector Anupis 23

Graeco Roman periods

2.1.2.13. SARCOPHAGUS CG 35198 of hr-R,



dd mdw in hry b3k.f wnn m s3.k

Words spoken by Khery baq.f , I protect you²⁴

2.1.2.14. SARCOPHAGUS TR 22/1/21/3 OF p3 n hr m hb



dd mdw in hry b3k.f ii.n.i r s3.k

Words spoken by Khery baq.ef, I came to protect you ²⁵

2.1.2.15. SARCOPHAGUS CG 29304 OF dd hr

ѷӏ┉๕ӏѵѽҋ҄ѽӏҋ

<u>d</u>d m<u>d</u>w in <u>h</u>ry b3k.f wsir r <u>d</u>d <u>h</u>r m3
< <u>h</u>rw b3k.n.(i) n.k <u>h</u>
w.k snb n.(i) n.k <u>d</u>t.k

²⁵ K. Piehl, Inscriptions hiéroglyphiques recueillies en Égypte III, Leipzig, 1895, pl. 56

²³ *Ibid*, p. 121

²⁴ M. Buhl, The Late Egyptian Anthropoid Stone Sarcophagi, Köbenhavn, 1959, p. 113

Words spoken by Khery baq.f Osiris to Djed Her the justified , I have kept your limbs safe and your body healthy 26

2.1.2.16. Statue of p di b stt at National Museum of Alexandrie **27806**



hm ntr sš pth hry b3k.f p3 di b3stt

The priest, the scribe of Ptah Khery baq.f ,Padi bastis 27

2.1.3. THE GOD'S INSCRIPTIONS IN TOMBS

The New Kingdom

2.1.3. 1. Left Entrance of Shaft room in Tomb of Mernptah :

<u>dd</u> $m\underline{d}w$ in <u>hry</u> b3k .f wsir nsw n b3 n r pr m h w.f nb <u>h</u> w " words spoken by Khery baq.f (the one under the moringa tree), the Osiris king Mernptah who goes out from his womb, lord of appearance "²⁸

2.1.3. 2.WESTERN WALL OF HALL OF HELIOPOLIS TOMB OF RAMESSES II

Inscription over ibis headed god says

dỉ nh nh mỉ rỉ hry b3k.f

may he gives all life like re Khery baq.f²⁹

²⁹ KRI II 365

 ²⁶ M.G. Maspero, Catalogue General des Antiquités Égyptiennes du Musée du Caire N^{os} 29303-29306., sarcophagi des epoques Persane et Ptolemaique, ,Le Caire, 1914, p. 158
 ²⁷ E.A.E. Reymond, From the Records of a Priestly Family from Memphis, Wiesbaden, 1981, p. 114

²⁸ Fr. Abitz, konig, König und Gott : Die Götterszenen in den ägyptischen Königsgräbern von Thutmosis IV. bis Ramses III, Wiesbaden, 1984, p. 265, NR 210

The 26th dynasty

2.1.3. 3. INSCRIPTION ON THE NORTHERN WALL OF TOMB OF KING PSMATIK I:

dd m dw in hry b k. f wnn m s k.

Recitation by god Khery baq.f ,who is responsible for your protection ³⁰

2.1.4. THE GOD'S INSCRIPTIONS IN TEMPLES:

The New Kingdom

2.1.4. 1.GRAFETTI OF KHEMWASET ON TEMPLE OF TUTHMOSES III AT DEIR EL BAHARI



<u>h</u> m w3st s n pth <u>d</u>hwty w
b <u>h</u>ry hb n pth <u>d</u>hwty <u>h</u>m n<u>t</u>r tpy n pth <u>d</u>hwty <u>h</u>ry b3k.f

Khaemwaset man of Ptah Dhw
ty , lector priest of Ptah Dhwty, chief priest Ptah Dhwty Khery
 $\rm baq.f^{31}$

2.1.4. 2. HALL V OF TEMPLE OF SETI I AT ABYDOS:

<u>dd</u> $m\underline{d}w$ in <u>h</u>ry b3k.f n pth <u>h</u>ry b3k.F "words spoken by Khery baq.f (the one who is under his moringa tree) to Ptah Khery baq.f³²



 30 M.G.Maspero, "Les Inscriptions de la Chambre de Psammetique", ASAE 1,Le Caire, 1940, p. 184

³¹ *KRI*, v, 423
³² *KRI* I, 174, 7

dd mdw in hry b3k.f wr im3hw

Words spoken by Khery baq.f(the one who is under his moring tree), the great and venerated one^{33}

22nd dynasty

2.1.4. 3.RIGHT SIDE OF SOKAR BARK AT ABYDOS TEMPLE

Sokar Osiris , the chief of the great ones, Khery baq.f who is in Memphis 34 26th dynasty:

2.1.4. 3. 3RD GATEWAY OF PTAH TEMPLE AT KARNAK

 $\mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{A} \ \mathbb{I}_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{A} \longrightarrow \mathbb{I}_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{A}$

Pth hry b3k.f ntr 3 hry tp t3wy³⁵

Ptah Khery baq.f, the great god, having authority over two lands

Graeco Roman Periods

2.1.4. 4. WESTERN FACE OF PYLON OF EDFU TEMPLE

 $\mathbb{N}^{2} \otimes \mathbb{A}^{\sim} \mathbb{T}^{\infty} \otimes \mathbb{C}^{\sim}$

dd mdw in pth hry b3k.f ntr hnty 3hty

Word spoken by Ptah Khery baq.f , foremost of the horizon 36

³³ *KRI* I, 175, 4

 34 K. Jansen –
Winklen," Neue Biographische Texte der 22/23 Dynastie", SAK 22, p. 172
 35 URK VIII, 180 B

³⁶ É. Chassinat, le Temple de Edfu VIII, le Caire, 1933, p. 188

2.2. THE GOD'S ICONOGRAPHY

2.2. 1. THE MUMMY FORM:

Doc. 1

Ascene on the east half of the southern wall of the shrine of the kings in Serbit El Khadim represents Ptah Khery baq.f standing inside his shrine between king Amenemhat Iv and goddess Hathor . he is accompanied with

inscriptions says $f = \frac{1}{2} f = \frac{1}{2$

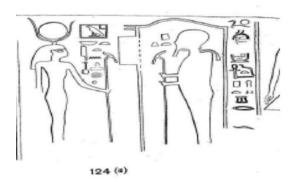


Fig. 2 A Scene represents Ptah Khery baq.f in his shrine , east half of the southern wall of the shrine of the kings in Serbit El Khadim, ,Middle Kingdom

After A.H. Gardiner *, inscriptions of sinai* I, London, 1917, pl. xlvii, fig. 124a

Doc. 2

³⁷A.H. Gardiner, *inscriptions of sinai* I, London, 1917, fig. 124a

In papyrus of Any , the Book of the Dead , chapter 17, sheet n° 9 Khery baq.f appears in the form of a squatting mummy. He is accompanied with

his name
$$\bigtriangleup$$
 if \square fig. 3³⁸.



Fig. 3 A scene represents Khery baq.f as a Squatting mummy, sheet n^o 9 of papyrus of any

After E.A.W. Budge, *The Book of the Dead*. *papyrus of Ani*, London, 1913, sheet 9

Doc. 3

In west wall of Chapel of Ptah in Madinet Habu Temple Khey bak.f is represented in the form of mummiform god holding the famous scepter of god Path composed of dd, w3s, and nh signs in his two hands and he appears wearing headdress surmounted with two feather, and sun disc falnked by two horns. he also appears wearing a turned up false beard. he

³⁸M. Buhl, *The Late Egyptian Anthropoid Stone Sarcophagi*, Köbenhavn, 1959, p. 117

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is accompanied with his name $\mathbb{Z} \otimes \mathbb{Z} \otimes \mathbb{Z} \otimes \mathbb{Z} \otimes \mathbb{Z}$ $\mathbb{Z} \otimes \mathbb{Z} \otimes \mathbb{Z}$ pth hry b3k.f''Ptah Khery baq.f ". fig. 4.³⁹

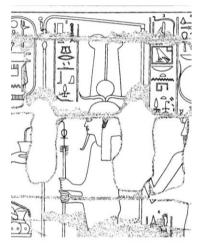


Fig. 4 A Scene represents god Ptah Khery baq.f in a mummiform god , west wall of Chapel of Ptah , Madinet hapu, 20th dynasty

After The Epigraphic Survey, Madinet hapu V, Chicago, 1957, pl. 342

Doc. 4

Khery baq.f appears as a standing mummy holding w3s scepter in the right side of the Sarcophagus of Her Khebet which found at Saqqara from reign of Amasis. He is accompanied with text says

dd mdw in hry b3k.f wnn m s3. krst nt wsir m hnw.f hr 3h bit m3 hrw

Words spoken by Khery baq.f (who is under his moringa tree), being the protector of burial of Osiris in his residence, Her Khebety the justified Fig.5 40

³⁹ KRI I, 175, 4

⁴⁰ M.G. Daressy, "Tombe de Hor- Kheb", *ASAE* 4, le Caire, 1943, p. 79



Fig. 5 A scene represents Khery baq.f as a standing mummy holding *w3s* scepter, Sarcophagus of Her Khebet, reign of Amasis

After M. Buhl, *The Late Egyptian Anthropoid Stone Sarcophagi*, Köbenhavn, 1959, fig. 5

2.2. A HUMAN FORM WITH IBIS HEAD:

Doc. 5

God Khery baq.f appears in the scenes decorated the Left side wall of shaft room of Mernptah 's tomb in the form of a standing ibis headed god holding nh sign in his hand fig. 6. ⁴¹

⁴¹ Fr. Abitz, *konig, König und Gott : Die Götterszenen in den ägyptischen Königsgräbern von Thutmosis IV. bis Ramses* III, Wiesbaden, 1984, fig. 2



Fig. 6 A scene represents god Khery baq.f in the form of a standing ibis headed god holding *mb* sign , Left side wall of shaft room of Mernptah's tomb

After Fr. Abitz, konig, König und Gott : Die Götterszenen in den ägyptischen Königsgräbern von Thutmosis IV. bis Ramses III, Wiesbaden, 1984, fig. 2

Doc. 6

In hall v of Seti temple at Abydos god <u>hry b3k.f</u> appeared in the form of mummiform ibis headed god . he is represented in a sitting attitude . he is accompanied with inscriptions say

b3k.f hry ib nfr t3 wr di.f n nht nb n nb hw sty mry n pth

"words spoken by DHwty Khery baq.f ,who is worsipped in This (Abydos) , may he gives all power to lord of action seti I, the beloved of $\,$ Ptah" fig. 7. 42

⁴²A.Mariette, *abydos I*. *Description des Fouilles*, , Paris, 1869, pl. 38c

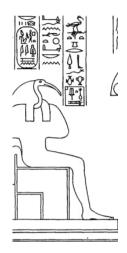


Fig. 7 A scene represents Khery baq.f in the form of ibis headed god, hall v of Seti temple at Abydos, 19th dynasty

After A.Mariette, Abydos I. Description des Fouilles, , Paris, 1869, pl. 38c

Doc.7

⁴³P.A.A. Boeser, Beschreibung der Aegyptischen Sammlung des Neiderländischen Reichsmuseums der Altertümer in Leiden VII. Die Denkmäler der säitischen, greichisch – römischen, und koptischen zeit, Haag, 1915, pL. 6,2



Fig. 8 A scene represents God Khery baq.f as an ibis headed god , sarcophagus of wh ib rem ihwt at leiden museum AMT 4, 26th dynasty

After P.A.A. Boeser, *Beschreibung der Aegyptischen Sammlung VII*, Leiden 1915, pl. VI, 2

Doc.8

Khery baq.f appears in the Sarcophagus of Hor-Re (GEM 2761) JE 35198 from Qâw el-Kebîr among the five protective gods of the right side of the sarcophagus . he appears in the form of ibis headed god holding in one hand the *nh* sign and in the other hand the *w*3s scepter. He is accompanied

with his name \sim \int \sim $\bigwedge_{hry b3k.f}$ Fig.9 .44

⁴⁴ V. Altmann- Wendling and N. El Hassanin, " the Sacrcophagus of Hor Re Gem 2761), in Chr. Leitz ed., *Catalogue of late and ptolemaic period anthropoid sarcophagi in the Grand Egyptian Museum*, Cairo, 2018, p. 78, fig. 12.

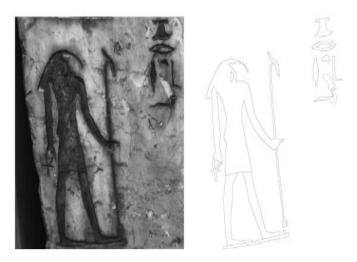


Fig.9 A scene represents *hry b3k.f* in the form of ibis headed god , Sarcophagus of Hor-Re (GEM 2761) JE 35198 from Qâw el-Kebîr, Ptolemaic Period

After V. Altmann-Wendling and N. El Hassanin, "the Sacrophagus of Hor Re Gem 2761), in Chr. Leitz, ed., *Catalogue of late and ptolemaic period anthropoid sarcophagi in the Grand Egyptian Museum*, Cairo, 2018,p. 78, fig. 12.

2.2. 3. A HUMAN FORM WITH FALCON HEADED

Doc.9

God Khery baq.f is represented among other god decorated a linen bandage in Leiden Museum RMO I123B. He appears in a human form with falcon head holding w3s in left hand and the mh in the right hand fig. 10.⁴⁵

⁴⁵ M.J. Raven, " Charms for protection during the epagomenal days " in J.V. Djik, ed., *Essays on ancient Egypt in honour of Herman te velde, egyptological Memoirs*, 1997, fig. 3



Fig. 10 Khery baq.f appears in a human form with falcon head, linen bandage, leiden RMO I123B, 27th dynasty

M.J. Raven, "Charms for protection during the epagomenal days " in J.V. Djik, ed., Essays on ancient Egypt in honor of Herman te velde, egyptological Memoirs, 1997, fig. 3

2.2.4. A BABOON FORM

Doc. 10

Khery baq.f appears on the east jamb of door of the Pronaos leading to the sanctuary of Kom Ombo Temple as a crouching baboon with moon disc and a crescent on his head. He holds the wd3t in his hand. He is

accompanied with his name \bigcirc \square \square \bigcirc fig. 11 . 46

 ⁴⁶ J. de Morgan , Catalogue des monuments et inscriptions de l'Égypte antique. Haute Égypte. Kom Ombos, Vienne, 1895, pl. 47



Fig. 11 A scene represents Khery baq.f as a crouching baboon, the east jamb of door of the pronaos leading to the sanctuary of Kom Ombo Temple, reign of Ptolomy ix

After R. Lepsius, *Denkmaeler aus Aegypten und Aethiopien. Vol. XI & XII (Pl. I-CXXVII). [Inschriften mit Ausschluss der Hieroglyphischen,* Genève, 1973, pl. 34

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.1 The Name of hry b3k.f

From the studied texts and scenes it is noticed that the name of <u>*hry b3k.f*</u> was written in different ideograms as follow :⁴⁷

Name Form	Era	Location
$\mathbb{A} \supseteq \langle \rangle \sim \mathbb{A}$	The Old Kingdom	False door of <i>s3bw ibbi</i> at Saqqara
	The Middle Kingdom	statue of <i>irt s3t wrt</i> from reign of Amenmehat II,
⊴₫₫₷₰₷₰₰₻₰		CTIII 182, spell 215

TABLE 1: THE NAME OF $hry \ b3k.f$

⁴⁷ CHR. LEITZ, *Lexicon der Ägyptischen Götter und Götterbezeichnung* III, *OLA* 112, (Leuven- Paris, 2002),p. 36

	The New Kingdom	papyrus of Ani (Book of the Dead , chapter 17, section 20) Left entrance of shaft room , tomb of Mernptah Temple of Seti I at Abydos Western wall of hall of Heliopolis tomb of Ramesses II papyrus n ^o pLeiden I 346, col. I,3 Grafetti of Khemwaset on temple of Tuthmoses III at Deir El Bahari Statue of the royal scribe nfri~m~hbi, leiden museum AST 17
▲]_ \~ \.	The 21 st dynasty	winged scarab of king Psousennes
$\mathbb{A} \subseteq \mathbb{A} \subseteq \mathbb{A}$	The 22 nd dynasty	Right side of Sokar bark , Abydos temple
	The 25 th dynasty	Sarcophagus frankfurt 1653
	The 26 th dynasty	Sarcophagus Olomouc 6183A , Sarcophagus CG 41062

		8 th hour of the night in the lower part of sarcophagus of priest <i>p3y.f tw. 3wy 3st</i> , Boston Museum MFA 23729
	The 27 th dynasty	Sarcophagus CG 41046
$ \begin{array}{c} \Box & \Box & \Box \\ \Box & \Box & \Box \\ \Box & \Box & \Box \\ \Box & \Box &$	The Graeco – Roman periods	Statue of Padi bastis at national museum of Alexandrie 27806
$ \begin{array}{c} \Delta X \\ \Delta \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \\ \end{array} \\$		Western face of the pylon of Edfu temple 3 rd gateway of Ptah temple at Karnak Sarcophagus Tr 22/1/21/3

It is noticed that name has been depicted with different determinatives like

 $\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\$

3-2TITLES

TABLE 2: THE TITLES OF hry b3k.f

He carried many titles as follow:

Title Era Location

Khery baq.f , the great and venerated one"	The New Kingdom	Temple of Seti I at Abydos
He is one of the seven spirits who are called lords of eternity	The New Kingdom	papyrus of Ani papyrus nº pLeiden I 346, col. I,3
The lord of tree" "DHwty Khery baq.f ,who is worsipped in This (Abydos <i>)</i> .	The New Kingdom	hall v of Seti temple at abydos
"Khery baq.f , who is in Memphis "	The 22 nd dynasty	Right side of Sokar bark at , Abydos temple
I'm Khery baq.f , I'm your son and your love, I came out from the palace according to the order of god Re to protect you	The 25 th dynasty	Sarcophagus frankfurt 1653
In one of spells he said to Osiris "I' m your son Horus, your beloved who protected you every day ")	The 26 th dynasty	Sarcophagus Olomouc 6183A
Khery baq.f ,who is responsible for your protection".		Inscription on the northern wall of tomb of king Psmatik I:
Khery baq.f, the protector of the burial of Osiris in his residence		Sarcophagus of Her Khebet , reign of Amasis. In Saqqara

Ptah Khery baq. f,	The Graeco Roman	3 rd gateway of Ptah
the great god,	periods	temple at Karnak
having authority		
over two lands		
The foremost of the	The Graeco Roman	Western face of pylon
horizon.	periods	of Edfu temple
	_	

It is noticed that his title as a protector god increased gradually from the 25th to the Graeco Roman periods. He is described as the son of Osiris, who is responsible for protecting the burial of his father. he carried the title of the lord of eternity, which one of the titles affiliated to the seven spirits, who follows Osiris and protect his burial.it is noticed also that he is worshipped in Memphis and This because of his association with god Ptah and Osiris .he is called also the lord of the tree due to his association with Moringa tree.

3-3 PLACES OF WORSHIP

From the studied texts and scenes it is obvious that :

- he was worshipped in Memphis which was his cult center as he was assimilated with Ptah in his form *pth* <u>hry</u> *b3k.f imy inb* <u>hd</u> "Khery baq.f, who is in Memphis "⁴⁸
- He was worshipped also in Abydos because of his relation to Osiris and it is clear from the text that says " <u>dhwty hry b3k.f hry ib</u> nfr t3 wr " words spoken by DHwty Khery baq.f ,who is worsipped in This (Abydos)

3-4 HIS ASSIMILATION WITH OTHER GODS

Ptah: Khery baq.f was assimilated with god Ptah, as he appeared in the form of god Ptah in figs. 2, 4, in addition that his epithet Ptah Khery baq.f appeared in many texts in this research as follow :

pth <u>h</u>ry *b3k.f* imy <u>h</u>nty wr <u>n</u><u>t</u>r <u>h</u>nt <u>t</u>nnt 'Ptah Khery baq.f, who is in front of the great god who dominated the Thnnt shrine"⁴⁹.

di nsw htp pth hry b3k.f di.f pr hrw ihw 3pdw šs mnht n k3 "The king causes or allows god Ptah Khery baq.f to be satisfied by giving him

 ⁴⁸ K. Jansen –Winklen," Neue Biographische Texte der 22/23 Dynastie", SAK 22, p. 172
 ⁴⁹ R. O. FAULKNER, The Ancient Egyptian Coffin Texts I, Warminstar, 1973, p. 171

offerings consisting of meats of oxen and birds, precious stones and clothes "50.

dd m dw in hry b k.f n pth hry b k.F 'words spoken by Khery baq.f to Ptah Khery baq.f "⁵¹.

 $hm \ ntr \ ss \ pth \ hry \ b3k.f \ p3 \ di \ b3stt$ 'The priest, the scribe of Ptah Khery baq.f ,Padi bastis "⁵².

Pth <u>hry</u> b3k.f ntr \cdot hry tp t3wy 'Ptah Khery baq.f, the great god, having authority over two lands'' ⁵³.

 $\underline{dd} \ \underline{mdw} \ \underline{in} \ \underline{pth} \ \underline{hry} \ \underline{b3k.f} \ \underline{ntr} \ \underline{hnty} \ \underline{3hty}$ "Word spoken by Ptah Khery baq.f , foremost of the horizon ⁵⁴".

s3 r $imn \ m \ h3t \ cnh \ dt \ mry \ pth \ hry \ b3k \ .f$ "the son of re ni maat re ,living forever , beloved of Ptah Khery baq.f "⁵⁵.

Osiris: Khery baq.f was assimilated with god Osiris, and it is obvious from the text decorated Sarcophagus CG 29304 of $\underline{d}d$ $\underline{h}r$ which says " $\underline{d}d$ $\underline{m}\underline{d}w$ in $\underline{h}ry$ b3k.f wsir " words spoken by khery bak. f Osiris. ⁵⁶

Horus: in Sarcophagus Olomouc 6183A Khery baq.f was mentioned in the spells as Horus, the son of Osiris <u>dd</u> <u>mdw</u> in <u>hry</u> <u>b3k.f</u> ink <u>s3.k</u> <u>hr</u> mri.k wnn m <u>s3</u> .k r <u>nb</u> ''words spoken by Khery baq.f, I' m your son Horus, your beloved who protected you every day "⁵⁷

⁵⁰M.S. Holmberg, *The God Ptah*, Lund, 1946, p. 147, fig. 84

⁵¹ *KRI* I, 174, 7

⁵² E.A.E. Reymond, From the Records of a Priestly Family from Memphis, Wiesbaden, 1981, p. 114
 ⁵³ URK VIII, 180 B

⁵⁴ Edfu VIII, p. 188
⁵⁵A.H. Gardiner, *inscriptions of sinai* I, London, 1917, fig. 124a

⁵⁶ M.H. Gauthier, Catalogue General des Antiquités Égyptiennes du Musée du Caire N ^{os} 29303-29306., sarcophagi des epoques Persane et Ptolemaique, ,Le Caire, 1914, p. 158
 ⁵⁷M. Verner, Tscheslowakei. Altägyptische särge in den Museen und Sammlungen der Tscheslowakei, Praha, 1982, p. 139

Thoth: god Khery baq.f appeared in many scenes dating to New Kingdom in the same form of god Thoth, as he appeared in the human form with ibis head like In figs. 5-8, and he is called DHwty Khery baq.f ⁵⁸ like the following texts :

(<u>h</u> c m w3st s n pth <u>dh</u>wty w <u>b</u> hry <u>h</u> b n pth <u>dh</u>wty <u>h</u>m n<u>t</u>r tpy n pth <u>dh</u>wty <u>h</u>ry b3k.f)'' Khaemwaset man of Ptah Dhwty , lector priest of Ptah Dhwty, chief priest of Ptah Dhwty Khery baq.f ^{''59}.

<u>dhwty</u> <u>hry</u> <u>b3k.f</u> <u>hry</u> <u>ib</u> <u>nfr</u> <u>t3</u> wr "words spoken by DHwty Khery baq.f ,who is worsipped in This (Abydos) 60 .

3-5 FUNCTIONS AND ROLES OF KHERY BAQ.F

- He was one of the gods who opened the mouth of the deceased in the eternity, where Horus who opened the mouth of Osiris " wp .f r.i pth fdw wp.sn r.i m dt wp hr n wsir pth hry b3k.f imy hnty wr ntr hnt tinnt di .sn (wi) entr , he opened my mouth , the four Ptah gods opened my mouth in the eternity, where Horus opened the mouth of Osiris , and Ptah Khery baq.f, who is in front of the great god who dominated the tnnt shrine , and they give me life .⁶¹
- He was one of seven spirits who is responsible for protecting Osiris from the souls of his enemies and he guards his burial "nsrt pw imy s3 ht wsir hr s3w b3w nw hftyw.f ir grt dw nb irw irt.f m-mk nbw hh dr h3.f m ht nt mwt.f ir grt 3hw sfh ipw imst hpy dw3-mwt.f kbh-snw.f m33-it.f hry-b3k.f hr-hnt-irty rdi.n.sn inpw m s3w n krs nt wsir , It is the flame of the followers of Osiris protecting him from the souls of his enemies. All the evil is his duty among the lords of eternity since he goes down from the womb of his mother. Those seven spirits are Imsety, Hapy, Duamutef,

⁵⁸A.Mariette, *abydos I*. *Description des Fouilles*, , Paris, 1869, pl. 38c

⁵⁹ KRI, v, 423
 ⁶⁰A.Mariette, *abydos I . Description des Fouilles*, , Paris, 1869, pl. 38c

⁶¹ R. O. Faulkner, The Ancient Egyptian Coffin Texts I, Warminstar, 1973, p. 171

Qebehseneu, Maaitef, Kherbaqef, Horus Khenty irty, and they place Anubis on guard for the burial of Osiris⁶².

- He protects the deceased and he gives him a good burial "htp di nsw pth skr wsir nb ddw shnt t3 tnn hry b3k.f di.f krs onh in t3wy n k3 n sš nsw nfri m hb m3 hrw , The king causes or allows god Ptah Sokar Osiris , lord of `Abusir Bana , the foremost of Tjenenet ,Khery baq.f to be satisfied by giving a good burial in Memphis to the ka of the royal scribe nfri m hebi, the justified⁶³.
- He considered himself as the son of wsir, Horus, who protected him daily " <u>dd</u> m<u>d</u>w in <u>h</u>ry b3k.f ink s3.k <u>h</u>r mri.k wnn m s3 .k r nb, words spoken by Khery baq.f, I' m your son Horus, your beloved who protected you every day "⁶⁴.
- He is behind Osiris in the 8th hour of the night and he greets him with hommage of moringa oil "<u>hry b3k.f m ht.f hr nd hr.f m b3k</u>, Khery baq.f comes behind him(Osiris), and he presents him hommage of moringa oil ⁶⁵.
- He has kept the limbs of the deceased safe and his body healthy '' <u>dd</u> m<u>d</u>w in <u>hry</u> b3k.f wsir r <u>dd</u> hr m3c <u>hrw</u> b3k.n.(i) n.k hw.k snb n.(i) n.k <u>dt.k</u>, words spoken by Khery baq.f Osiris to Djed Her the justified, I have kept your limbs safe and your body healthy "⁶⁶.

3-6 FORMS OF KHERY BAQ.F

He appeared in different forms

A- In a mummy form as in the scene that is decorated the shrine of the kings in Serbit El Khadim (fig. 2). He is represented in the form of squatting mummy In papyrus of Any (fig. 3), and as a mummiform god in the Chapel of Ptah, Madinet hapu temple (fig. 4), and Sarcophagus of Her Khebet (fig. 5)

⁶² URK V, 42, 17

⁶³ P.A.A. Boeser, Beschreibung der Aegyptischen Sammlung des Neiderländischen Reichsmuseums der Altertümer in Leiden V. Die Denkmäler des neuen Reiches, Haag, 1913, p. 12, fig. 72

⁶⁴M. Verner , *Tscheslowakei. Altägyptische särge in den Museen und Sammlungen der Tscheslowakei,* Praha, 1982, p. 139

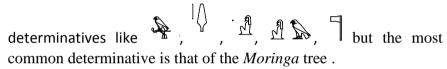
 ⁶⁵G. Soukiassian, "Une Version des Horaires d'Osiris", *BIFAO* 82, le Caire, 1982, p. 339
 ⁶⁶M.H. Gauthier, *Catalogue General des Antiquités Égyptiennes du Musée du Caire N* ^{os}
 29303-29306., sarcophagi des epoques Persane et Ptolemaique, ,Le Caire, 1914, p. 158

- B- An ibis headed god like the scene in the shaft room of Mernptah 's tomb (fig. 6), the scene in the Hall V of temple of Seti I at Abydos (fig. 7), the scene which decorted sarcophagus of w3h ib rs m i3hwt at leiden museum (fig. 8), and the scene which decorted Sarcophagus of Hor-Re (GEM 2761) (fig. 9).
- C- a falcon headed god like the figure that appeared in a linen bandage in Leiden Museum RMO I123B (fig. 10).
- D- A baboon form as the scene that decorated the pronaos leading to the sanctuary of Kom Ombo Temple

4-CONCLUSION

From this study it is concluded that

• The name of Khery baq.f has been depicted with different



- Khery baq.f appeared in different forms, as he appeared in a mummy form because of his assimilation with god Ptah (fig. 2-4), as an ibis headed god (fig. 6-9), as a falcon headed god (fig. 9), and as a baboon (fig. 11)
- During The Old Kingdom <u>*hry b3k.f*</u> was dealt as an independent Memphite god having his own priests like the priest *s3bw ibbi* at Saqqara
- He fused with Ptah from The Middle Kingdom on ward and he was also associated with other Memphite gods like Ptah Sokar Osiris. He is also associated with Thoth, and Horus.
- He protected the burial of the deceased and he was one of the gods who opened the mouth of the deceased. He has also kept the limbs of the deceased safe and his body healthy.
- He greets Osiris with homage of moringa oil, as there is assonance between the name of the god and the offering that he brings.
- He was a Memphite tree god , so he carried title the lord of tree "hry b3k.f nb šn "⁶⁷

⁶⁷ B.H. Stricker, " Spreunken tot Reveiliging Gedurende de Schrikkeldagen", OMRO 29, Leiden, 1948, P. 61

- He was worshipped in Memphis which was his cult center and also he was worshipped in Abydos because of his relation to Osiris.
- Because of his association with the great god Ptah , he carried two important titles which are Pth <u>hry b3k.f</u> ntr 3 hry tp t3wy⁶⁸ "Ptah Khery baq. f, the great god, having authority over two lands" and '' <u>hry b3k.f</u> ntr <u>hnty 3hty</u> " Khery baq. f , the foremost of the horizon "⁶⁹.

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⁶⁸ URK VIII, 180 B

⁶⁹ *Edfu* VIII, P. 188

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